

The Times

LOS ANGELES

Single Sheet

Pages 1 to 12.

XVII YEAR.

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THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1897.

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With Dates of Events.

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Supporting Mr. Thos. J. Keogh, *consolidated with Magniscope*

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Tonight, and Remainder of Week. Matinees Saturday, 10c. In C. T. Daze's Great Comedy-Drama

ERMA, THE ELF⁹⁹

As Erma the Elf, Nancie, the Indian Princess, and His Satanic Majesty. New Songs, Dances, Music, Special Scenery, Electric and Interest Employment Seats now on sale. Evening prices, 10c. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c. Tel. Main 1270.

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COME AND SHOOT THE CURVES* Or Ride on the Great Safety Moro-Go-Round.

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With a Grand Ballet of over 100 Girls. Grand Marches, Intricate Evolutions, Sword and Roman Chariot Races, High Wire Acts, Aerial Acts, the Magnificent Whirlwind Dancers. Gigantic Stage and Scenery—237 feet long, 70 feet deep; beautiful lake 150 feet by 60 feet; the Broken Scene amid a deluge of fireworks; 1600 spectators; 400 private box seats; 3000 seats with comfortable backs. Reserved seats on sale Monday, June 7, at Blanchard and Fitzgerald Music Store.

The Grandest of all Out-Door Spectacles

With a Grand Ballet of over 100 Girls. Grand Marches, Intricate Evolutions, Sword and Roman Chariot Races, High Wire Acts, Aerial Acts, the Magnificent Whirlwind Dancers. Gigantic Stage and Scenery—237 feet long, 70 feet deep; beautiful lake 150 feet by 60 feet; the Broken Scene amid a deluge of fireworks; 1600 spectators; 400 private box seats; 3000 seats with comfortable backs. Reserved seats on sale Monday, June 7, at Blanchard and Fitzgerald Music Store.

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STRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—

60 Birds, 21 Chicks, 26 Nest Eggs.

Quaint and Curious Sights. Pasadena Cars. Fare 10c. A nice ride.

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June 18 and 19. \$3.00 for the Round Trip. Good for return 30 days.

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Every Saturday and Sunday Trains Run as Follows:

Leave Downey Avenue.....8:23 a.m. 9:33 a.m.

Leave LaGrande Station: 8:37, 9:45, 11:03 a.m. 1:00, 5:40, 6:15 p.m.

Leave Central Avenue.....8:49, 9:58, 11:15 a.m. 1:13, 5:53, 6:27 p.m.

Coronado Mineral Water.....

OLD AND SILVER REFINERS—

and ASSAYERS. Largest and Most Complete Establishment in Southern California and 25 Years' Experience.

Metallic Tests made, including Chlorination, Cyanide and Electric Cyanide Processes; Mill Tests from 25 lbs. to 100 tons; Mining Experts Paid for Gold and Silver Mining.

Metallurgists and Promoters. San Francisco. Prices Paid for Gold and Silver Mining.

Order over Water. Tel. Main 748, or Coronado Agency, 200 S. Spring St. Tel. Main 4. H. F. NORCROSS, Coronado Agent.

CARBONS—EVERY PICTURE

A WORK OF ART. Children's pictures in combination panels and characteristic attitudes.

25% S. Spring St. opposite Los Angeles Theater and Hollenbeck Hotel.

THE CALIFORNIA—

Under new and perfect management. CHOICE FAMILY AND TOURIST HOTEL.

Excellent Table. Cheerful Sunny Rooms. Special rates to permanent guests.

A. C. WATKINS, Prop. F. B. PRUSSA, Manager.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.—CHERRIES, CURRANTS, GOOSEBERRIES

figs, and cheap for canning. This is Headquarters—2nd and Second St.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES—CUT FLOWERS

25% S. Broaday, same side City Hall. Tel. 118. Flowers packed for shipping.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor,

140 South Spring Street. Tel. Red 1072. Flowers, Floral Designs, Floral Requisites

The Morning's News in The Times

IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12.

A policeman's wife raises a row by moving building without a permit....Testing the new horseless carriage....Fire Commissioners postpone the examination of Fireman Brown for cruelty to his daughter....Annual meeting of the Flower Festival Home Society....A trip to Santa Monica....Bankers' opinions of consolidation....Hastings' alleged accomplice in the murder of Lillian Hattery on the stand....In hotel lobbies....Sale of the First Baptist Church property.

Southern California—Page 11.

Southern California negotiating for the Mt. Lowe road....Pasadena Y.M.C.A. in financial straits....A new sewer survey ordered by the Santa Monica City Trustees....A gigantic sunfish viewed at Catalina Island....An interesting school election on the tap at San Pedro....Activity of the Long Beach Improvement Society....Orange County Chamber of Commerce holding nightly sessions....Trouble brewing in the Santa Fe shops at San Bernardino....Coast defense works at Ballast Point, San Diego Harbor....Commencement programme of Claremont College....Fomona Fruit Exchange growing....A big electrical project at Glendale....Special elections in Santa Barbara....Riverside orange shipments.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from Baltimore, Washington, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, New York, San Francisco, London, Greenville, O., Chicago, Hannibal, Mo., and other places.

Financial and Commercial—Page 10.

Reactionary tendency in the gold market at New York....Money easier, Fruits at Chicago and New York....Available supplies of grain....Official closing quotations on San Francisco mining stocks....New York shares and bonds....Callboard series....Drafts and silver....Wheat shows signs of strength at Chicago....Foreign quotations.

The Weather.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—For Southern California: Fair Thursday; fresh northwesterly winds.

Pacific Coast—Page 2.

The Hoffman murder mystery unsolved—Book-keeper Fiegel explains his whereabouts at the time of the crime....W. W. Montague willing to be postmaster at San Francisco....Steve crushed to death....Racing at Sacramento....Stockton's Chief of Police resigns....Burglary at Stockton....Dr. Francisco Topete arrested at San Diego for bigamy....Durrant applies for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court....Two hundred invitations to his hanging....Associated cyclers' election....Arizona University commencement....A janitor falls down an elevator shaft....Billy Boy to do his business in this city on July 5 and after that in San Francisco....Cages for armed guards at San Quentin....Mission San José centennial....Hawkins to go against Dixon....Warden's efforts. General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Mr. Vest attacks the duty on tin plate but fails to change it....President McKinley addresses the International Commercial Congress....Arkansas race riot....Rate slashing by the B. and O. stopped....Five children of an ejected tenant die of exposure....Baltimore letter-carrier kills two of his children and shoots himself....Silver to be made an issue in the coming Congressional campaign....The Congress to take up currency reform after the tariff....A young man brutally murdered and burned at Sterling, Ill....Princess Troubetskoy, otherwise Amelie Rives-Chandler, prostrated....Loyal Legion meets at Detroit....A man bent on lynching the colored assailant of a white waitress....Medical jubilee. By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.

The Epsom Derby won by an Irish horse for the first time....Ballyhooly in Africa surrounded by hostile natives....Annual convention of British bimetalists opens at Manchester—A good word for this country....The Chinese-Belgian railway contract....Turkey asks England to overhaul her fleet....Ward-line steamer Valencia fired on by Cubans....France submits proposals on Cretan autonomy....Edhem Pasha issues a notice.

THE COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

Delegates Present from All Parts of This Hemisphere.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The International Commercial Congress formally opened at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, with about three hundred and fifty delegates present, representing commercial and industrial bodies in all sections of the United States and many foreign countries, the foreigners coming principally from Mexico and Central and South American States. Among the speakers, in addition to Mr. McKinley, were Dr. George A. Pepper of this city, Ministers Calve, Costa Rica and Romero of Mexico.

A pretty incident followed the President's speech. As he concluded, Mayor Warwick stepped forward and introduced to the audience the leading men of the land, who had with President favored Philadelphia....With her presence today, Mrs. McKinley remained seated and graciously bowed her acknowledgments of the unexpected compliment. After a few more speeches the meeting was adjourned.

MR. PRESIDENT

Two Short Speeches at Philadelphia.

He Congratulates the Medicos on Their Anniversary.

Then Attends the Commercial Congress Opening.

The Chief Executive is Given a hearty Welcome in the Quaker City—Proceedings of the Two Bodies Which He Addressed.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, June 2.—President McKinley, with a large party, left for Philadelphia this morning to take part in the exercises connected with the opening of the International Commercial Congress and other functions.

Pennsylvania company provided a handsome special of six cars for the accommodation of the party. The President, with Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Saxton and Mr. and Mrs. Porter, occupied the private car of President Thomson of the Pennsylvania Company, which was placed at the rear end of the train, so that it might be used as an observation car.

Secretary Wilson and Atty.-Gen. McKenna represented the Cabinet, and the party included a number of members of the Diplomatic Corps mostly from Central and South America; some delegates to the Postal Congress, officials of the State and other departments and members of Congress, among whom were Representatives Dingley, Grosvenor, Dalzell and Tawney.

On THE ARRIVAL.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The Pennsylvania Railroad train bearing the Presidential party from Washington arrived at the Broad-street station at 11:05 o'clock. Quite a crowd gathered on the train as the President, with the carriage awaiting him, his head was almost continuously uncovered, responding to hearty greetings.

The President was driven directly to Horticultural Hall, where the American Medical Association convention was in session. The President addressed the doctors briefly, and was then driven to the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, where he inspected the exhibits of that institution. Later in the afternoon the President at the Academy of Music delivered an address at the opening of the International Commercial Congress.

SPEECH TO THE DOCTORS.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The second day's session of the Golden Jubilee of the American Medical Association showed an increase in attendance over the opening session. Dr. D. C. Dillenbeck, president of the association, in his address, in part, referred to the importance of the work of the American medical profession, and the President, in his speech, said that the work of the American medical profession was of great importance to the welfare of the people.

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ON THE ARRIVAL.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—The

CANOVAS GOES OUT.

QUEEN REGENT ACCEPTS THE CABINET'S RESIGNATION.

She Will Probably Call Sagasta, the Liberal Leader, to Form a New Ministry.

THIS MEANS WEYLER'S RECALL.

THE CORTES VOTES FINANCIAL SUPPLIES AND ADJOURNS.

An American Steamer Fired Upon by a Spanish Cruiser-American Vice-Consul Springer Arrested in Cuba.

(By Associated Press Wire)

LONDON, June 3.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says:

"The Queen Regent has accepted the resignation of the Cabinet of Señor Canovas del Castillo. It has caused a profound sensation. Before finally taking this step, Her Majesty begged Canovas to remain in office until tomorrow in order that she might have another opportunity to consider the matter in council, but this only meant that the resignation would be accepted.

Señor Canovas tendered his resignation because he could not again attempt to reestablish relations with the Liberals. He preferred to leave the crown full liberty to decide as to the best solution.

"Both houses of the Cortes voted without debate the financial supplies necessary to enable the Cortes to adjourn sine die, and granted authority for the issuance of loans bonds and the conversion of loans guaranteed by the Spanish treasury to cover the expenses of the war in Cuba and the Philippine Islands, with a special lien on the revenues of Spain for the Cuban war loan.

"The Queen Regent signed the decree suspending the sittings, whereupon Señor Canovas immediately tendered his resignation."

A LIBERAL GOVERNMENT.

Queen Christina Will Probably Install Sagasta as Premier.

(By Associated Press Wire)

NEW YORK, June 3.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says:

"The crisis is extremely grave. The excitement in political and financial circles is intense. Never since the death of King Alfonso XII in 1885 has Queen Christina found herself in so serious a difficult position."

"One of two things she must do: She may keep Señor Canovas as Premier with his Conservative Cabinet intact, or modify, and keep Gen. Weyler in Cuba to persevere in his political policy with the ample means recently voted by the Cortes, or she may call on Señor Sagasta to form a Liberal Cabinet in which Señor Moret probably would be Minister of Foreign Affairs, with opportunity to follow his well-known policy to come to an understanding with the United States. Señor Moret is a great favorite with the Colonies; Marshal Lopez Dominguez, War Minister; Spain's best financier, Señor Ganazo, Minister of Finance, and which Cabinet probably would be in the lead."

"The Queen can only pursue the latter course after duly considering all the prospects, because it would be virtually staking everything on the success of the Liberal government and policy. The Liberals seem confident, the Conservatives are weak, and the military and political clubs, the majority believe that the Queen will decide to have a Liberal government."

"The general impression throughout the city tonight is that Señor Sagasta is likely to be named Señor Canovas' successor, as the latter could hardly revise the colonial policy or recall Weyler."

KEEPES HIS OWN COUNSEL.

Mr. Calhoun Refuses to Discuss the Ruiz Case.

(By Associated Press Wire)

HAVANA (via Key West, Fla.) June 2.—Mr. Calhoun, the American special commissioner to conduct the Ruiz investigation, maintained a strict reserve as to his own opinion of the case, and says that the nature of his report to the government cannot be made known except through the government. Mr. Calhoun says it is very difficult for him to form an opinion as to the real condition in the islands, owing to the contradictory reports made by both sides.

New Gen. Weyler's western trocha, two Spanish battalions, the Feville and the Garroano, mistaking each other for insurgents, fell afoul near the Baldwin ranch and had a hot engagement lasting ten minutes, and resulting in a loss of nine killed and thirteen wounded.

The insurgents have attacked and raided the town of Vuelta, province of Santa Clara.

The Spanish authorities have arrested and confined in the City Jail Joaquin Vargas, proprietor of the Bocanudos farm. Vargas has filed a petition to be tried by the civil court of his own town, United States Vice-Consul James Rogers of Calhoun, who went to the scene of the trouble and was taken into the presence of the military commander, but the latter ordered his immediate release.

The steamer Satiustegui has sailed for Spain with 533 sick and disabled soldiers.

DISPLAYED HER COLORS.

But not Quick Enough to Suit the Spaniards.

(By Associated Press Wire)

HAVANA (via Key West, Fla.) June 2.—The Ward-line steamer Valencia, which has an excited appearance while off Guantánamo Bay. The Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes signaled to the Valencia to display her colors. As the Valencia did not immediately comply, the Reina Mercedes fired a blank shot, which was followed almost immediately by a solid shot, falling out of range. The Valencia then displayed her colors.

It is understood that the United States Vice-Consul at Santiago de Cuba has lodged a formal protest against the act of the cruiser. Capt. Quesada left yesterday by the steamer Mexico to investigate the affair, which has assumed serious aspects.

CAPTURED FILIBUSTERS.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Secretary Gage has received the following telegram from Jefferson B. Brown, Collector of Customs, Key West:

The Dauntless was seized by the U.S.S. Marblehead off New River, for the supposed possession of Cuban arms

and ammunition. Before the seizure the crew threw overboard several boxes which did not float.

The steamer Biscayne, for which the Dauntless was acting as transport, was also captured after long chase. Both vessels will be libeled and their officers arrested.

VON TAUSCH TATTLED.

Testimony of a Newspaper Man Against the Chief.

(By Associated Press Wire)

BERLIN, June 2.—[By Atlantic Cable] In the trial of Herr von Tausch, the former chief of the secret political police, today, a newspaper man named Kraemer testified that Von Tausch furnished most of the definite information representing Emperor William to be very ill. According to the witness, Von Tausch said he heard, through his spies, every word spoken in the palace.

Continuing, Kraemer said that after Emperor William's return from Abyssinia, Von Tausch informed the witness that the expected operation upon His Majesty was not performed, owing to the opposition of the Empress.

KENTUCKY SILVERITES.

THEY MEET ACCORDING TO ORDER WITH PROGRAMME FIXED.

Only Issues Before the Convention at Frankfort Were a Contesting Delegation and an Appointee Court Clerks—The Platform.

(By Associated Press Wire)

FRANKFORT (Ky.), June 2.—The Democratic silver state convention met at 11:30 o'clock. About one thousand delegates and spectators were present. There were no gold Democrats among the delegates, and scarcely any among the spectators.

The issue, the platform, and the election of a contesting delegation were settled in advance.

State Chairman Johnson, in calling the convention to order, made a vigorous speech in which he advised more justice than harmony.

Senator Goebel was elected temporary chairman by acclamation, and in his speech said the convention would deserve to win success in November by its action today, and that part of the action would be the ratification of the Chicago platform. This reference brought a storm of applause and showed the complexion of the convention. He said that by misrepresentations and a mammoth fund, McKinley had been elected President. He called for the resignation of Gov. Bradley, and concluded with the significant statement that he would preside over the convention with due consideration of the difference between a Democratic convention and a Republican Legislature.

The platform adopted in part, was as follows:

"Resolved that we hereby reaffirm our faith in the principles set forth and enumerated in the platform adopted by the Democratic national convention held at Chicago in July, 1896, and we adopt said platform as that of the Democracy in Kentucky.

"Second—That the principles adopted and set forth in that platform are the true principles of Democratic faith.

"We recognize the right of true Democrats to stand by them at all times, and under all circumstances.

"Third—We endorse the canvass made by Hon. William J. Bryan the nominee of the Democratic party for the Presidency in the late election. We commend its wisdom, approve it as just and fair to all parties, and all interests of our common country. We recognize in him the fearless orator, the statesman, and the champion of the people's rights against the money power, the monopolists, the syndicates and trusts, and we pledge him the support of the united Democracy in our State."

"There was one dissenting vote out of 1000 in the vote for the adoption of the resolutions.

After two ballots for clerk of the Appeals Court, the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

STANLEY A PRISONER.

NOT THE AFRICAN EXPLORER, BUT THE CHEYENNE.

Admits Having Murdered the Shepherd Hoover Which Led to the Indian Trouble—His Capture May Bring Peace.

(By Associated Press Wire)

WASHINGTON, June 2.—A telegram received at the Indian Bureau today from Agent Slouch at Tongue River reservation announces the arrest of Stanley, the Cheyenne who admitted the murder of Shepherd Hoover, which precipitated the Indian trouble there.

This afternoon Gov. Smith of Montana telegraphed from Helena that he had just received word that the murderer had been arrested and was in the hands of the Sheriff. He said he would advise the Sheriff to cooperate with the agent, and thought the trouble was about over. Today's advice reassured the authorities here, and they believe the excitement will soon subside.

PLANNED A REVOLT.

Hereafter Kansas Reform School Boys Will Drill with Broomsticks.

(By Associated Press Wire)

TOPEKA (Kan.), June 2.—A threatened revolt at the State Reform School was nipped in the bud today when the officers of the institution seized and carried away the gun with which the 110 inmates had been allowed to drill for several years past. The recently-appointed officers are to assume control of the reformatory at the end of the present week. The boys had plotted to make a dash for liberty the day after the new officers took charge, believing that the new guards would be green hands and easy to overcome.

Their plan was to make the drill in the evening at the close of the drill of the military company in which all the boys are enrolled. It was expected upon investigation that some of the inmates had secured ammunition for their rifles, and that they proposed to use them on the guards if necessary. Hereafter the military company will be drilled with broomsticks.

Ran Down a Small Boat.

LONDON, June 2.—The Atlantic Transport line steamer Massachusetts, Capt. Bocquet, from New York, May 22, for London, while proceeding up the English Channel in a fog, ran down a fishing boat off Eddystone Lighthouse. Four occupants of the boat were drowned.

WANTS HER FLEET OVERHauled.

LONDON, June 2.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Berlin says that the Turkish government has opened negotiations with an English firm for overhauling the entire Turkish fleet. All the ironclads will be reconstructed, and new men-of-war built.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Secretary Gage has received the following telegram from Jefferson B. Brown, Collector of Customs, Key West:

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KILLED AND CREMATED.

YOUNG GEORGE KAUFFMAN SLAIN BY UNKNOWN ROBBERS.

Was Guarding His Father's Granary Against Thieves—Found on a Burning Strawstack with His Throat Cut and His Skull Crushed—No Clews.

(By Associated Press Wire)

STERLING (Ill.), June 2.—Robbed, murdered and cremated. That tells the awful fate of George Kauffman. He stood guard over his father's granary to protect it from thieves, who killed him at his post and sought to wipe out the evidence of their fiendish cruelty with fire.

Today all that remains of him is a corpse with its throat cut, its skull crushed and its head bullet-pierced, a charred lump of flesh. There is no clew to the murderers who committed the crime, but bloodhounds are on the trail.

George Kauffman was the son of Tobias Kauffman, a prosperous farmer living about five miles north of Sterling. He was 22 years old. Farmer Kauffman has two dwelling-houses, with about a quarter of a mile between them. He left his old home for his present dwelling about a year ago, but used to use some of the buildings attached to the former residence.

Later Kauffman discovered that thieves were raiding his granary located near the old residence. He asked his son George to take up his night quarters in the deserted home and watch for the plunderers. George Kauffman began his vigils two weeks ago. He was unsuccessful, and regularly went back to the other house for his breakfast.

Tuesday morning he did not come in at the usual hour. The family waited some time without concern. Then his father became alarmed and started for the old house, accompanied by the hired men. They went to the house, but there was no trace of the young man. They soon scented the strawstack, which had been nearly burned down and was still smoking. They were horrified to find on the top of the smoking straw the body of young Kauffman burned to a crisp. The victim had been clubbed and his skull broken. His throat had been cut and the head had been severed from the body. A bullet hole showed that the murderer had shot the young man.

Bloodhounds were put on the trail, but so far without success. The surrounding country is intensely excited over the crime, and the friends of the young man are demanding vengeance at the end of a rope without the quibbles and delays of the law.

WALES WAS ONTO IT.

THE PRINCE KNEW JAMESON INTENDED TO RAID.

Even the Tory Newspapers in London are Condemning the Action of the Parliamentary Investigation Committee—A Whitewash is Assured.

(By Times Special Wire)

NEW YORK, June 2.—[Special Dispatch] A Special to the Sun from London says:

"There is strong and widespread comment here on the amazingly-tolerant attitude of the Parliamentarian investigation committee which is investigating the affairs of the British South African Company toward the men composing what is known as the Rhodes group. Even the Tory newspapers condemn the fiasco in which the inquiry has resulted.

The relief grows that the true reason for the committee not compelling the production of certain mysterious cable dispatches from Mr. Rhodes, which dispatches are in the possession of Mr. Hawkesley, counsel for the company, is that these dispatches, instead of compromising Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, as it was at first thought they did, give evidence that the Prince of Wales, who at one time was a member of the shares of the company, had been a friend to the Jameson raid, that an attempt was made to violate the territory of the Transvaal, and that he did nothing to prevent this outrage upon a nation with which Great Britain was at peace.

The St. James Gazette, the Tory organ, says that the committee will apparently issue a report without having the cable dispatches referred to it, and adds: 'A damaging rumor is current to the effect that very highly-placed people in London society are compromised by these dispatches.'

A DOUBTFUL CONTRACT.

Complete Control of the Hankow Road in China's Hands.

(By Associated Press Wire)

LONGON, June 2.—[By Atlantic Cable] The Peking correspondent of the Times says:

"The Chinese-Belgian Railway contract was signed on May 30. Under terms the railway from Hankow to Pao-ling-Fu is to be completed by 1903.

The contract appears to be unworkable because, in view of the fact that complete control is vested in China, no confidence can be placed in the security to be given by the Chinese.

With far-sighted persons the reading distance greatly: it is between ten and twelve inches, and as the occupant and requirement of the eye, it is fatiguing to the eye.

As a rule, this condition comes on gradually, and for some time imperceptibly.

The first complaint is that evening work is somewhat troublesome. The light often seems dim, and if the work is brought closer to the eye or a better light is provided, the print still fails to become distinct. One finds it better to hold the page farther away than for the eye to strain.

As a rule, the eye is strained as it is at times.

The second complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The third complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The fourth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The fifth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The sixth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The seventh complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The eighth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The ninth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The tenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The eleventh complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The twelfth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The thirteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The fourteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The fifteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The sixteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The seventeenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The eighteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The nineteenth complaint is that the eye is strained as it is at times.

The twentieth complaint is that the eye is

Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

A N ACHING TOOTH Extracted Without Suffering. Would like to prove it to your satisfaction. Personal attention is given to every patient. C. STEVENS, 107 North Spring Street.

A S GOOD AS GIVEN AWAY \$3, \$5, \$10 Sewing Machines at a dollar a week. In first-class shape. Best high grade machines on market at MOREHEAD & BARRE, 349 South Spring Street.

BEST HAY Least "5" You never knew how much you can get for your hay. Our prices surprise you. S. S. SHATTUCK, 127 S. Pearl. Tel. West 211.

BICYCLES TO BURN--\$25. Have you seen them? A few left. See them and be convinced that a wheel cheap don't mean a cheap wheel. E. R. MAINES, 343 S. Spring.

CIRCULARS 5000--\$2.50. I will write the matter and print you 5000 circulars for \$2.50. You will have time to do it. Order. C. E. NEWITT, 324 Stimson Building.

CITY DYE WORKS, Main St. We have lots of wagons and are always ready to answer the telephone--our prices are wholesale on account of the amount of work we do. 343 S. Broadway.

COAL THAT'S ALL COAL. You can depend upon my coal. Every car is provided with a coal scuttle, none as economical. W. E. CLARK, 129 S. Pearl. Telephone West 69.

CUTS FOR ADVERTISERS. A large stock on hand, and cuts of all kinds made to order, designs by my own artist. J. C. NEWITT, Advertising Expert, 324 Stimson Building.

FISH DELICACIES. Telephone 185... Remember us when you are down town. Excellent in Sea Food fresh from the day. Best service in city. THE MORGAN OYSTER CO., 329 S. Main.

FURNITURE STORED By EX-
perts. Phone 872. Care, reliability, experience is our capital; satisfaction first, rates next. L. A. VAN TRUCK AND S. CO., 408 S. Broadway.

ICE CREAM \$1 A GALLON In gallon lots. We are producers that's the reason. Special rates on large orders or regular service. BILLINGS & MERRIAM, 127 Spring Street.

LUNCH BY 'PHONE Brown 75 Fresh, clean, appetizing, prompt. Change of bill of fare. Let us up to you best at noon for 10c. Ring up L. A. BROWN LUNCH DELIVERY CO., Room 47, Downey Block.

POLISHED FLOORS Parquetry, strip floors, beautiful, healthful and permanent. Can be laid in any floor. Park, 127 Spring Street. SMITH'S IN-
LAID FLOORS, 327 S. Broadway.

SUITS TO ORDER \$15 S. I want to demonstrate to you that good cloth and good work can be had for very little money. Trousers \$3.50. S. R. KELLAM.

TENTING AT CATALINA My tents are best located, comfortably furnished, cheaper than hotels. Write for particulars. A. W. SWANFIELD, 260 S. Main St.

WALL PAPER SAMPLES. Just write us what price paper you want and we'll send samples. To roll and up. Special est. in 10x12 in. in exchange. N. Y. WALL PAPER HOUSE, 205 Spring St.

Advertisements in this Column. Letters and information can be had of J. C. NEWITT, 324-325 Stimson Building.

HOBBS

Deliverer of the People

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

A WOMAN'S REASON.

SHE WANTED TO MOVE HER HOUSE AND SHE MOVED IT.

Ignored the Police and the Superintendent of Buildings--The Fire Chief Interferes.

It Stands as a Barrier Between Suffering Humanity and The Grave.

Druggists Everywhere Report Enormous Sales of Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills.

What suffer from kidney disease who has been fortunate enough to take Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills and been cured will not heartily endorse every word in the heading of this article? What man or woman is today who would dare gainsay the healing virtues of Dr. Hobbs's Kidney Remedy after the evidence that has been produced in the columns of this paper for several days past?

A well-known physician of Los Angeles said yesterday: "At first I was skeptical as to the value of this preparation, but the very favorable reports I frequently hear from those who are using it convinces me that it is a wonderful medicine. One of my patients said yesterday: 'I have been taking Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills for about a week now. I don't feel a little better every day for ten years, and he certainly looks better than I ever remember seeing him. I am pretty thoroughly convinced that Hobbs's Sparagus Pills will be universally prescribed by the medical profession."

Advertising is a good way to let people know that you have something to sell, but it is not the only way. The enormous success attained by Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills comes from the fact that those whom they have benefited tell their friends, and this is the position Dr. Hobbs's great discovery occupies in this community today.

Evidence of the Following Character
Is What Has Proven Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills to be without a Peer as a Kidney and Rheumatic Cure:

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Dec. 4, 1895. Hobbs Remedy Company, Chicago--Gentlemen: For years I have been suffering from kidney complaint, and have tried almost every known remedy, but with but little success. The most aggravated form. The latest disease, physician say, was caused by what they claimed was an extraordinary amount of uric acid in the blood. I have tried remedy after remedy, all of which were advertised as the only cure, and have spent hundreds of dollars with different specialists without any marked temporary relief. My condition, that of course, is such a detriment to a cure that all the doctors I consulted said I would have to abandon it if I ever expected permanent relief.

Through the advice of one of my friends who had suffered in a like manner, I was persuaded to try Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills. The first dose gave me relief, and four boxes performed a remarkable and complete cure. In fact I am, as all my acquaintances say, a man again.

I would be pleased to answer at any time communications from fellow-sufferers. Very gratefully yours,

H. G. MILLER,
383 Fifth Avenue.

AN EMINENT DIVINE SAYS:

October 30, 1895. Gentlemen: Kindly accept this expression of commendation in the virtues of your Sparagus Kidney Pills as a specific for that most inidious affection, Bright's disease and kidney troubles.

Having used your pills according to directions, I have found them to act exactly as represented, and I can endorse them in every way.

To all sufferers from kidney trouble in any form I recommend Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills as an infallible remedy. Yours very truly, REV. GEO. L. HUNT, 329 W. One-hundred-and-fifth St., New York.

So throughout the land the good news is growing fast that Dr. HOBBS'S SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILLS are rapidly accomplishing the mission they are sent to fulfill, and are bringing health and consequent happiness to thousands. Dr. Hobbs's Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box.

FOR SALE AT

Sale & Son, ...DRUGGISTS...
220 SOUTH SPRING ST.,
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

LAT THE U. S. BUILDING.

THEY JUMPED A CLAIM.

An Injunction Prayed for Against Twelve Miners.

J. N. Northmore yesterday filed a suit in the Circuit Court, asking for an injunction to prevent D. H. Simmons, F. Pelt, Joe Zink, George Roper, Charles Lendig, L. Cullen and six other miners from working in the Vivian claim in the Mojave Mining District, Kern county.

Northmore asserts that the claim was discovered and located January 9, 1896, by W. E. Thompson, acting in behalf of Northmore. The tract claimed was 1500 feet in length by 500 in width and was duly staked out and recorded. In the course of the two months jumped the claim, asserting their right to do so under a provision of the State law which allows a claim to be re-located after a lapse of ninety days without working. Northmore asserts that this claim was located, and does not apply when the claim is valued at \$3000. The claim is valued at \$3000.

23 Cents.

New Millinery Ribbons

Of magnificent quality, all pure Silk Taffetas, Checks, Plaids, Stripes, Gauzes, etc., etc., in all widths from numbers 30 to 80, worth regularly from 50 to 65 cents the yard; all on special sale today for

18 and 23 Cents.

SPECIAL TODAY.

Eighteen cents will do the service of 25, 35 and 40 cents

Today in some new three-quarter Veilings in black, white and colors, which you'd admit are regularly worth the prices named. Of course they are when This Satisfactory Millinery Shop says so.

Millinery Shop says so.

Specialties.

BUSINESS SUITS.....\$20 and \$25.

NICOLL, The Tailor,

134 S. Spring Street.

FOO & WING HERB CO.

(A Corporation.)

929 South Broadway.

POSTOFFICE CHANGES.

Plans for a Thorough Renovation Sent to the Department.

The sound of hammer and saw echoes now in all corners of the postoffice, and the bewildered public is trying to get used to the arrangement which has placed the money-order and registry departments down in the basement, and has so thoroughly changed the order of the delivery windows. The postal officials and the building inspector, emboldened by success, are now planning for a thorough cleansing and renovation of the building, inside and out. These additional improvements will cost about \$2000 more than those already agreed upon. It would still come within the \$12,000 appropriation. Plans for the additional work have been sent to the postal department at Washington, and a definite answer is expected by June 15.

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The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER.....Vice President.
ALBERT McFARLAND.....Treasurer.
Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room, first floor (telephone 39). Subscription Department, basement (telephone 27). Editorial Rooms, second and third floors (telephone 674).
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT.....E. KATZ, 230 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Sixteenth Year.

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 23,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$1.00; WEEKLY, \$1.30.

Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1896.....15,111
Daily Net Average for 1897.....18,091
Daily Average for 4 months of 1897.....18,954
Sunday Average for 4 months of 1897.....23,270

(Not including 27,600 copies of the Fiesta Number, over and above the regular issue.)

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

OPERA—Vaudville.
BURBANK—Erma the Elf.

RAILWAY NUMBER.

CITIZENS! Tell your distant friends all about the recent National Convention of the Order of Railway Conductors by sending them The Times. The Railway Number, complete, published May 19, contains a full report of the proceedings, day by day, and all other matters pertaining to the visit of the conductors—all in a single issue, inclosed in a handsome lithographed cover. This SPECIAL AND COMPLETE RAILWAY NUMBER embraces, also, the graphic and interesting "Story of Transportation" which has already attracted so much attention by its unique structure and historic value.

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1 copy	\$.10	\$.12
" " " "	" .20	" .24
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" " " "	" .42	" .55
" " " "	" .50	" .65
" " " "	" .55	" .70
" " " "	" .58	" .73
" " " "	" .60	" .75
" " " "	" .67	" .83
" " " "	" .75	" .93
" " " "	" .84	" 1.04
" " " "	" .92	" 1.14
" " " "	1.00	1.26

Remit for postage in addition to the cost of the paper.

THE DESECRATION OF MEMORIAL DAY.

There still exists a class of people in every community who appear to have been born and brought up without a knowledge of the import and meaning of America's holiest holiday, which falls upon the 30th of May, or is it merely thoughtlessness that causes them to disregard that day which is the most solemn in the calendar?

Pages of protest have been printed against the crime of turning Memorial day into a frolicsome event, but still the abuse goes on, and year after year we see bicycle races, horse races, baseball games and other sports and diversions made the main features of the day. College clubs roll through the streets bedecked with their fluttering colors and shouting their college cries; bicycle clubs parade into theaters in costume, fresh from the circular track, where they have spent the day in racing, and crowds flock to the bleachers to witness baseball games, the while the worn and tattered remnant of the gallant army that saved the Union limps on its way to the cemeteries to lay floral offerings upon the resting places of the gallant old boys who lie asleep.

All this leads to the thought that perhaps the fighters of the 60's saved a country to many people who do not deserve to have a country, and that the sufferings and sacrifices of the day of the conflict were all in vain.

If it be thoughtlessness rather than ingratitude and lack of patriotism that causes the youth of this land of ours to disregard the holy memories of the great war for human freedom and the preservation of the republic, then let us recall to the minds of those heedless ones that they cannot afford to forget the lessons and examples of the great war. It was a contest such as the world had never before seen, for a cause that was the last hope of mankind. The ways of the men who on last Monday marched to the cadences of drum beats through the streets of the towns and hamlets of America to God's still acres where lie their comrades, led, in those other days, through fields of flame and seas of battle. They breasted parapets bristling with bayonets; they forded the icy rivers, neck deep, in pursuit of a flying foe; they burned with fever in southern swamps; they picketed the outposts of the republic when every bush concealed an enemy; they starved in rebel prison pens at Libby and Andersonville; and with deeds of unexampled valor they fought the battles of their country, earning grace with honor, and the everlasting gratitude of unborn generations of American citizens.

How insufferably offensive is it then, to see the youth of the land blindly oblivious to the debt they owe to the memory of the men who died and of respect to the living who remain! Think of the bloody days in the Wilderness; the awful carnage at Antietam; the blood-strewn slopes at Gettysburg, and the hundreds of other battle-fields made glorious by the valor of the citizen soldiery of America, and then witness this generation making a mock of the holiday that commemorates their valorous deeds! It is a spectacle to stir the rancor of a saint and makes one who remembers the debt we owe to those who saved the nation despair of his country's future.

For upon the youth of the land we

needed for purposes of navigation. The outcome of this New Mexico case will therefore be awaited with considerable anxiety all over the Coast.

JUDGE DE HAVEN.

The appointment of Hon. John J. De Haven by the President to the position of District Judge in the United States Court for the Northern District of California is one that reflects credit on the good judgment of the administration and the men who supported the Judge's candidacy.

Judge De Haven has been in public office in this State in various positions, from that of District Attorney in a northern county to a judgeship on the Supreme bench, for thirty years, and has a record above reproach. His elevation to the Federal bench is a great honor worthily bestowed.

"Uncle Collars" Huntington has returned to Gotham and reports that "although there has been much agrarian legislation in the West, people are beginning to awaken to the fact that the railroads should be protected." But our wily Uncle never raises his voice to say who is awakening to the fact that the people should be protected from railroads that attempt to override the laws of the land, as is being done in the case of a deep-sea harbor at San Pedro. It has come to pass that it is the people who need protection; the railroads are able to take care of themselves.

The hyperborean East is reveling in the luxury of a black frost, and the most expensive luxury it is. The peach crop has been hit a staggering blow, the strawberry vines have turned black in the face and again the truth may one despair and grieve at an exhibition of ingratitude surpassing in its enormity.

Memorial day is a grand and noble anniversary, and the American who deserves it does a shameful thing. Let's have an end to race meets and ball games and college outings on that day, and let it be instead an occasion for the instilling of patriotism—a day of loving reverence for the memories of those who fell, and of affectionate glorification of those who remain from every American who loves his country and glories in the men who made it free.

IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION.

A very important question is now being raised in New Mexico concerning the waters of a navigable river. Large quantities of water are alleged to have been taken out of the Rio Grande River at various points near Silver City by an English corporation known as the Rio Grande Dam and Irrigation Company; and a suit has been brought in Judge Rantz's court to restrain them from so doing, as it decreases the volume of water in the river and proves a menace to navigation of the lower part of that stream.

Some years ago, a company was formed to construct an irrigating canal leading out of the Murray River in Australia, which is navigable in high water to Albury, a distance of 210 miles from its mouth. The proposed canal was to be taken out in New South Wales, nearly ninety miles above Albury. Not wishing to take any chances in the matter, the projectors of the scheme got a steamboat man to bring a friendly suit for an injunction. To the surprise of both parties the injunction was granted, and the canal was never built. The ground on which the injunction was granted was that the creation of an artificial channel to divert the water from its natural channel was a menace to navigation of the river.

Subsequently irrigation wheels, to lift the water out of the river by means of small boxes affixed to the paddles and propelled by the current of the river. Not only that, but the Chaffey Bros., who went over there from Southern California, put up great pumps at Mildura and Renmark on that same river. The only suit brought against these schemes was one to restrain a wheel from operating, and the court refused the injunction on the ground that while the wheel took water out of a natural canal, it did not create an artificial one, as a canal would have done.

So it seems very clear that the English corporation in New Mexico has only to go to work and build a few reservoirs along the river and let them be filled up by undershot wheels placed near by, to be operated by the current in the river. This will enable them to irrigate large bodies of land without making any ditch to take water out, or incur liability for making an artificial channel as a menace to navigation. They cannot take out as much water as they could with a canal, but they can irrigate large bodies of land, nevertheless. It is a very grave doubt whether anything short of a dam across a navigable river can be held to be a menace to navigation.

Take the Snake River, for instance. It divides Idaho from Washington and Oregon. One of its largest affluents is the Boise, which flows into it about the head of navigation, which is Lewiston, at the mouth of the Clearwater. Along the Boise, for a distance of nearly thirty miles, are scattered little irrigation wheels which lift out from forty to sixty gallons per hour. These wheels are also to be found along the Snake, at intervals, for a distance of eighty miles. No attempt has ever been made, either in Idaho, Washington or Oregon, to impede or prohibit the use of these wheels, for without them no man could make a living on those arid lands. As it is, they are splendid fruit lands, raise good crops of cereals in favored localities and produce large quantities of garden vegetables for consumption of the adjacent mining districts. And yet these wheels take out a great deal of water in the dry

season, just when every drop is needed for purposes of navigation. The outcome of this New Mexico case will therefore be awaited with considerable anxiety all over the Coast.

The condition of things at San Quentin is largely the result of an

judged spirit of kindness to men who

have long since registered themselves as public enemies. Prisoners should be kept at work and fed well, but no further indulgence should be given. Our whole penitentiary system is wrong. The thieves and other small criminals should be kept as country prisoners and made to work out their sentences upon the public roads.

A Mongolian sawbones in San Francisco taxes the credulity of mankind in a printed circular, in the course of which he asserts the following:

"I make a specialty of gunshot wounds and fractures and bone-setting, and no doubt many people will laugh at the assertion, yet I say that I can bring a bullet to the surface without probing from the most severe gunshot wound."

The Eculapian from the Central Flowery land should join the ranks of the spring poets and put it thusly:

"You better your life me shabe more
Than all the doctor men before.
The Mexican man no doctor good;
You come to me, he had got bad."

A Louisville paper asserts that Lord Byron is responsible for a great deal of modern misconception about the Greeks, and adds: "That 'Maid of Athens' poem of his has made us hunger and thirst after the Greek girls ever since our boyhood." Of course, this able editor speaks wholly from a Kentucky standpoint, which is known to be strong on the girl question. Now there was W. C. P. Breckinridge, for instance!

This is an age of contradictions. The shortest man in the Cabinet is Mr. Long of Massachusetts; and Representative White is a black man, by the same token. To carry out the insignificance of names still further it may be stated that the Collector of the port of San Francisco, who allowed the government stamp to be affixed to a lot of bogus brandy that would poison a pig, is named Wise.

With 2000 citizens armed and sworn in as a Vigilance Committee to rid the city of vagrants and thieves, it would seem that the smoky city of Butte, in Silver Bow county, Mont., is a very good place from which to emigrate. Those folks up there had experiences of that sort in the early days of Alder Gulch, and know how to put the hemp where it will do the most good.

There is a doctor in St. Louis who is reported to have succeeded in mending broken necks. If this process of surgery is to become widespread, it will be necessary to build all our jails with cold storage compartments, so that executed murderers can be kept for a week or ten days after they have been hanged. It begins to look like a very necessary precaution.

One of the most prominent evangelists down in Georgia is a chiropodist, who operates upon the cornea of his fellow-men during the week days. He knows that the nature of mankind makes them blasphemous at cornea, and proposes to rid them of such parasite growths before they present themselves at the mourners' bench. High forehead, that!

The acquittal of John E. Seales, the Sugar-trust witness, was to be anticipated. It is no crime to subscribe money for legitimate campaign purposes, as everybody knows, and the decision of Judge Bradley was founded on plain common sense. It could not, in reason, have been otherwise.

The baseball season is furiously on down East, and the mobbing of umpires has been taken up where it left off last year with renewed vigor. There is more danger in being a baseball umpire in free America than in soldiering in the army of Greece on the rocky plains of Thessaly.

Everything connected with the Sugar Trust is done on a large scale. Claus Spreckels has now commenced suit against the Examiner for \$1,000,000 damages, on account of an article commenting upon a recent asserted deal between the Spreckels factory and the Sugar Trust.

The enormous breakfasts eaten by two convicts in the Illinois penitentiary on Friday last are explained by the fact that they knew they were to be hanged on that day, and consequently had no fears of an attack of indigestion.

It is evident that there is to be no more Paramount Blount foolishness in the treatment of the Hawaiian problem. We have an American President, and American interests in "the Paradise of the Pacific" will be protected.

The striking jute-weavers of San

Quentin have been subdued by the force of irrigation. It was better for the recalcitrant convicts that the flow should be one of water rather than blood, as they doubtless appreciate.

The striking jute-weavers of San Quentin have been subdued by the force of irrigation. It was better for the recalcitrant convicts that the flow should be one of water rather than blood, as they doubtless appreciate.

The silencing of Almighty Voice, up

in British Columbia, is unquestionably a good thing, so far as it went.

But there are others. And they are not so far north nor so far east as Winnipe-

go. They are to be expected.

The silencing of Europe was ap-

parently well enough to fry Greece in its own fat.

The Times' Fiesta Number.

[A correspondent, New Haven, Ct.:] The fiesta numbers came in good condition. The press and people are much pleased, and one of our editors of the oldest daily here said this morning he was greatly interested and entertained, and that the paper was finely gotten up.

Cries of "Yes! Yes!" not to say

"Hear! Hear!"

[Call:] San Pedro harbor we need, and San Pedro harbor we must have.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Free Kindergarten.

LOS ANGELES, June 1.—(To the Editor of The Times.) Would you kindly allow a "stranger within your gates" to speak a word or two in heartfelt appreciation of one of the many beautiful charities that not only merit, but receive, at least a partial support from the generous people of Los Angeles? Scraps of conversation heard on street-cars are like the oft-mentioned straws that show which way the wind blows. Some bright-looking words will bring me back to the car the other day, one said to the other: "Speaking of free kindergartens, I suppose you mean the public school kindergartens, which are the only free ones I know of."

"No," was the reply, "I did not mean the ones connected with the public schools, I mean the ones supported by the Free Kindergarten Association. You see, in a city the size of Los Angeles, where there are so many poor, hard-working people, who cannot live in any other climate, you find a great many children too small and too young to go to the public schools, whose mothers are compelled to go out and labor by the day. If they take the free ones with them the work suffers; if they are left at home, the mothers suffer with anxiety, and the children are neglected; a clear case of Scylla and Charybdis."

A Louisville paper asserts that Lord Byron is responsible for a great deal of modern misconception about the Greeks, and adds: "That 'Maid of Athens' poem of his has made us hunger and thirst after the Greek girls ever since our boyhood." Of course, this able editor speaks wholly from a Kentucky standpoint, which is known to be strong on the girl question. Now there was W. C. P. Breckinridge, for instance!

This is an age of contradictions. The shortest man in the Cabinet is Mr. Long of Massachusetts; and Representative White is a black man, by the same token. To carry out the insignificance of names still further it may be stated that the Collector of the port of San Francisco, who allowed the government stamp to be affixed to a lot of bogus brandy that would poison a pig, is named Wise.

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Thursday June 3, 1897.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, June 2.—At 5 o'clock the barometer registered 29.98; at 5 p.m., 29.94. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 58 deg. and 65 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 94 per cent; 5 p.m., 70 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., southeast, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 10 miles. Maximum temperature, 71 deg.; minimum temperature, 57 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

One of the direct results of the meeting of the conductors in Los Angeles was the ordering by them of three car-loads of oranges for shipment East, mostly in single boxes, and of wine to the value of \$3400.

A theater in a Central California town has introduced an innovation that ought to stimulate summer trade. Between the second and third acts ice cream is served to all the occupants of seats on the ground floor. It is a great discouragement for the play-goer who has to go out between the acts "to see a man."

The Orange County Chamber of Commerce is so busy looking after the interests of the Santa Ana Valley that it holds nightly sessions and burns the midnight oil. A more public-spirited body of men than those who compose the Orange County Chamber of Commerce is not to be found in Southern California.

Long Beach is to have the skeleton of its deceased whale set up by a taxidermist located in its park. As the skeleton is entirely devoid of smell, people with qualms about it will not fear calling on the Leviathan in his new residence. May The Times be permitted to suggest that a life-size statue of the prophet Jonah, near by, would be in accordance with good artistic taste.

Under the head of the Los Angeles News Agency, an enterprise has been started in this city for the purpose of supplying correspondence to eastern and Pacific Coast newspapers and to news-wires in newspapers in Southern California. The advertisements will be received for all newspapers of the United States and Canada, the agency being similar in its scope to enterprises in a similar character which are found in large eastern cities.

Interest in the San Pedro school election, to be held next Friday, is growing intense. The wife of a prominent business man has entered the race against a popular young man of the town, with the avowed object of taking the educational affairs of the harbor town out of the hands of ring politicians. This is the first time a woman has had the temerity to run for office in San Pedro, and the outcome of the innovation is watched by the old-time politicians with bated breath.

The directors of the Pasadena Y.M.C.A. have resigned in a body because of their inability to extricate the association from its financial straits. Time was when the Pasadena Y.M.C.A. was one of the largest and most prosperous in the State. The foundation for a large and handsome association building was laid, but the enterprise had to be given up with the collapse of the boom. It does not speak well for Pasadena, noted for its wealth and churches, that its Y.M.C.A. organization languishes for lack of funds to pay an indebtedness of a few hundred dollars.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

The Season's Orange Shipments. Court House Notes.

RIVERSIDE, June 2.—[Regular Correspondence.] Orange shipments to date for the season amount to 79,875 boxes, or 2500 carloads of twenty tons each. The shipments last week amounted to 12,435 boxes, and twenty or thirty carloads will be gotten off this week.

The total receipts of the Recorder's office for the month of May were \$670, which is one of the largest month's business since the county was organized.

The case of Albaras, the Corona Mexican charged with murder, came up on Wednesday. A motion was made to dismiss the information, and the case went over to Thursday.

Ling Gee, a Chinaman who killed one of his countrymen at Arlington recently, was arraigned in the Superior Court Wednesday. A verdict of thirty-six years was returned and only nine men were secured. Another verdict of twenty-five was ordered.

T. S. Lewis, Clarence M. Mylne, D. E. Myers, A. Ortega et al., began an action against the irrigation company of the San Jacinto and Pleasant Valley Irrigation District, to have the bonds of the district to the amount of \$12,500 set aside on the grounds that they were not sold for cash or exchanged for water, as is provided for in the contract, but were traded to the Florida Water Company at a price much less than their value.

W. H. Alford, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, will be here on Friday and will be tendered a reception at the Hotel Wilcox.

There are now three candidates in the field for school trustee and talk of a fourth. The gentlemen so far announced are: Dr. W. H. Baird, S. C. Evans, Jr., and J. K. Steers.

A special tax of \$340 has been voted in the Perris Irrigation District. The money will be mainly used for fighting the bonds. In the San Jacinto and Pleasant Valley district a special tax of \$300 has been voted down for the second time.

A meeting has been called for Friday to consider the celebration of the Queen's jubilee.

THROWN FROM HIS BUGGY.

Well-known Citizen Injured in a Runaway.

Jacob H. Brenner of the California Music Company was thrown from his buggy in a runaway accident yesterday afternoon and badly bruised, though not seriously injured. His horse became frightened at an electric car at Seventh and Spring streets and ran at a terrific rate down Spring to the corner of Third, where the buggy collided with a telegraph pole. Brenner was thrown from his seat on the ground, where he lay unconscious until picked up. He was taken into Ebinger's Bank, and afterward removed to the Receiving Hospital. His condition was thought at first to be much worse than it turned out to be. Dr. Hagan found that no serious injuries had been sustained, and the patient was sent to his home at No. 506 West Sixteenth street.

Died in the Street.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.) June 2.—A constable ejected the family of Bert Crowley because the rent was not paid, and of the six children who were down with the measles, five have died and the other will die from the exposure.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

DIRECTORS DISCUSS THE COMING PARIS EXPOSITION.

French Consul for the Pacific Coast Makes a Plea for Adequate Representation from This Part of the Country.

The part to be taken by California in the Paris Exposition of 1900 formed the principal subject for consideration by the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce at the regular meeting yesterday. A. Laurence de Lalande, the French Consul for the Pacific Coast, appeared before the Board and delivered the following address:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen: In due course I called the attention of my government to the initiative taken by the Chamber of Commerce of the city of Los Angeles, toward the participation of California in the Paris Exposition of 1900, and in view of the spirit of enterprise manifested by the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles, and the considerable progress realized there the last few years, I was not surprised that the initiative in this important matter should come from her Chamber of Commerce."

"The part which the United States of America from an economical, industrial and commercial point of view, now plays, is one of the most important factors in the great movement of exchange between the different nations of the world, and the combination of productive and consumptive ability, which constitutes the strength of your States, individually, and of your United States, has commanded and retains the attention of all Europe."

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ARIZONA NEWS.

A NEW SANTA FE BRANCH BEING SURVEYED.

Sacaton Indians Making Money by Digging Cattle at so Much per Sack.

REPORTS FROM THE RANCHES.

SUGAR-BEET EXPERIMENTS PROVING SATISFACTORY.

A New Street-car Line for Phoenix. Ex-Gov. Hughes Sacking It to Atty.-Gen. Wilson—Death of Baron von Wendt.

PHOENIX, May 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Santa Fe system in this part of the country is evidently not yet as big as it is going to be. From Deming, N. M., comes word of a most important survey, now in progress, on a route that would be one of the best. The route contemplated is from Deming direct to Duncan, Ariz., thence down the Gila to Solomonville, down the fertile and teeming valley to Thomas, and thence across the reserve to Globe. From Globe the road will run slightly more to the westward, and come out at Phoenix. Such a road would solidify the Santa Fe system, and bring into direct communication some of the best mineral and agricultural regions of Arizona. Globe will be the best-paying station on the road, and good for a couple of trainloads a day itself.

EMPLOYMENT FOR INDIANS.

A few thousand dollars will be turned loose among the Indians of the Sacaton reservation, and employment given them for all summer. The much-desired end will be accomplished by the Indians' Company. The company, as may possibly be supposed, has special benevolence or love of the Indians in this move. On the reserve may be found large quantities of wild camas root. This the Indians naturally would possess, others would gather. As they labor most diligently, pieces would have been engaged at the station on that basis, an agreed price per sack being paid. This will result in giving the Indians \$1 to \$5 a day, or about four times what they can earn making baskets. In fact, so far as they let it right up next to posing for tourist photographers at two bits a head. Naturally the squaws will do the work, though few of the swarthy lords of creation may also take the job.

RANCH ITEMS.

The water supply in the canals has not been better since the early days when, however, the water ran over the canals. The rotation of water has been put in vogue again, however.

The orange crop promises to be about that of last year. The young fruit has been falling off considerably of late. The strawberries are practically ended. Early apricots have been on market for a few days. Some apricot shipments in express lots are being sent from Glendale to Colorado points, but the market for the crop so badly that cariope shipments can be made this year, as formerly. The great crop promises very auspiciously. The Thompson seedless will have both larger bunches and fruit than a year ago.

Some apricot seedlings are in from all sides as to the sugar-beet experiments in the valley. The growth has been good, the soil proving all that could be wished, so far as growth is concerned. Of course the most important question is as to the saccharine matter they carry, and it is up to determine as to this matter. Sugar beets weighing a pound and a quarter have been grown by M. L. Duffy, at Tempe, from seed planted April 1.

A NEW STREET RAILWAY.

Eastern capital is about to take advantage of a good opportunity to be found in the investment in another street car line. The West City Council will be requested to grant franchises for a line, to run as follows: The line will commence at the intersection of Harrison and Center streets; thence north on Central street to Adams street, thence west on Adams street, thence east on Adams to Fifth street, thence north on Fifth street to Baltimore Eleventh street, thence east on Baltimore Eleventh street to the city limits. Commencing at the intersection of Sixth and Harrison street, First avenue; thence south on First avenue to Maricopa street; thence west on Maricopa street to Ninth avenue, the north on Ninth avenue to Adams street; thence east on Adams to Seventh avenue; thence north on Seventh avenue to Baltimore Eleventh street; thence east on Baltimore Eleventh street to Fifth street.

BILL FOR SETTLERS.

The Delegate from a bill that has passed the Senate that will be of great importance to the settlers of Arizona. It gives the actual land-settler on public land the right to a patent for same upon the payment of the customary local fee no other charge being necessary. Before this charge was made in addition to the price asked per acre by the government. This will greatly encourage the settlers of the public domain and will result in many poor, but indigent and bona-fide settlers taking up land in Arizona.

HUGHES PUNCTURES WILSON.

Ex-Gov. Hughes, through his Star, continues to stick pins in the tires of the present Territorial administration. In commenting on the trip of Atty.-Gen. Wilson to Washington, to head the confirmation of McCord and Gov. Evans, he says a whole lot of mean things about Wilson. Here are a few of them: "That Wilson is a few miles as trustee of the Normal School from Prescott to Phoenix when the facts did not warrant the same;" "That he paid upon some very scaly bills to the hotel at Zuñi administration, which had been refused payment by four governors;" "That he was not ignorant of the workings of the notorious Norton law, that saves a dozen or so of necks, deserving of death, there; that there was a very singular political snap made on the prison contract and Tom Democratic Convention, which the Attorney-General may know something about and fears McCord may discover this business."

PHOENIX BREVITIES.

A Russian, about 20 years old, applied to the county authorities for admission to the hospital. He claims to be destitute, a sufferer from lung trouble. All appearances belied his statement, he being well-dressed and strong.

Superintendent Hall of the Indian School has gone to Ferris, Cal., where he will have charge of a similar institution. The school is temporarily in charge of Inspector Anderson, who will be succeeded by Superintendent McFowan of Albuquerque.

Glenn Baker went to the river fishing two days ago, and has not been heard from since. His friends are uneasy about him.

A change has been made for the summer in the time table of the Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix road. Under

the new time card the train for the North will leave this city at 7:50 p.m., and will make connections with the Atlantic and Pacific train from the East. The time of arrival will be 11:45 p.m.

The building association formed primarily to remove Chinatown from the face of the earth, or at least from the fair face of Phoenix, got the Chinese out all right, but thus far has built but one building block, although promising several, and of three or four stories in height. A second building is now promised, of brick and plate-glass, with a twenty-foot frontage.

TUCSON.

TUCSON, May 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Prof. Alexander Segal of Phoenix has been arrested here for stealing a violin of M. Montijo, and a similar experience in Phoenix recently. There, however, the jury took so much stock in his tale of woe about lung and misfortune that so far from convicting him, they freed him and passed him out of the hat among themselves for his benefit. The jury did not work here, however. The jury here called his actions plainly every-day theft, and His Honor gave him forty days in jail.

The number of applications for mineral rights at the Surveyor-General's office is unprecedentedly large, indicating mining prosperity.

A bicycle and horse race has been made up for next Sunday, between R. A. Powers, who will ride a wheel to a ranch ten miles from town, and Alfred Johnson, who proposes to ride horse back to the same point.

A Mexican customhouse will be established at Sasabe, on the Altar, Sonora, road to Tucson. This move is of great importance to Tucson, as it will probably give the legitimate trade between Yuma and The Needles. It will not, however, affect a very large business already done between the two points, to-wit: the smuggling trade.

Baron von Wendt, a well-known character here, a man of many acquaintances but of few or no intimate friends, is dead. There was a good deal of mystery as to his career, of which he said but little. He is said to have been a genuine Baron, and at one time a wealthy man, with something like \$600,000. Speculation, however, and a wife who got his property into her name, and then converted it to her own uses, brought the Baron down to modest means. At the hospital the Sisters asked him if there was any religious rite or comfort for the soul. He replied, "I will tell you what I tried during life to square his actions to the golden rule, and that was good enough to die by." He was asked if he hoped or desired to go to heaven. Yes, he replied, but after hesitating a moment, added, "I don't know if I would like to go to heaven and to hell, too, for I had friends in both places he would like mighty well to see."

The smelter has blown in again for a run of two weeks.

In an ordinary bank advertisement is a "statement of deposits" of one of the business prosperity of Tucson. A statement for the corresponding month of last year showed deposits to be \$129,480, which have grown within the year to \$352,251, or an increase of two hundred per cent, being three times as large now as compared with one year ago, giving it now the largest line of deposits of any bank in the Territory.

PRESCOTT.

PRESCOTT, May 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Big Bug onyx property has been sold. The consideration has not been made public, and the deeds only show the sum of \$1 each. It is understood, however, that the fields brought from \$100,000 to \$200,000. The sellers were R. M. Ling, Joseph Mayer, George B. McCann and John Dougher. The product will probably be prepared for market and shipped abroad.

A bear skin is in town about as big as that of an ox. The brute took sixteen bullets before succumbing. The tusks, if a bear may be said to have tusks, were two inches long. Joseph Dore killed it.

Capt. Evans of the Ninth Infantry, at Fort Whipple, has been ordered to report at Washington, and will leave for there very soon. He does not know where he will next be stationed.

In a room full of the hum of machinery, a telephone is of little account, the hum being louder than the noise of the wheels.

To obviate this difficulty, Electrician Mittendorf has evolved a device of his own, whereby he can see the ringing of the bell instead of hearing it. The ringing of the bell results in a brilliant red flash that catches his eye. It is at the electric light works, where the phone in question is used.

FLAGSTAFF.

FLAGSTAFF, May 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Flagstaff red sandstone will be used to the extent of 100 carloads in a High School building soon to be constructed in San Francisco. The order is now being filled.

The Arizona Lumber and Timber Company has extended its track still farther into the forest and is now hauling the logs therefrom. The track material was supplied by a useless spur of a mile or two in length at the Flagstaff end of the track, which was taken up.

BISBEE.

BISBEE, May 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] A couple of months ago one William Evans here took a short cut on the road to wealth by holding up a faro bank. He has just got ten years in Yuma for it. William now realizes that he has been striking at the heart of one of Arizona's leading institutions. Holding up a faro bank is a more heinous crime than horse-stealing nowadays.

By the way: A bicycle agent was in Bisbee a few days ago in the interest of his company. Bisbee is rather a poor field for that sort of thing. The people have plenty of money to invest in bicycles, but they don't exactly fit the bill where the hillsides are almost straight up and down. If an agent for a steam balloon or a flying machine should visit the camp he might do some business.

ARIZONA AT-LARGE.

The following sanguinary threat is made in a card published by ex-Sheriff Lake of Kingman. In explanation, it should be understood that the author gives the devils of Ahvoto, the California Pines, who killed eight or ten men out of pure cussedness: "To kill Plutes—I swear as one to kill every Plute I catch in Arizona. Who will join me?" William H. Lake.

Albuquerque boy, Mr. Baskin, went to the city of New Mexico, a day or two ago and proceeded to run things. He retired for the night on one of the benches at the Santa Fe station. The colored porter there did not look at it that way, but made Baskin move. The porter, however, was a Negro, and was sweeping. This Mr. Baskin promptly resent with his 45, and it is very fortunate for that negro that the gun only snapped. Baskin was fined \$50 and costs. Being shy \$49.50 of that amount he is saving his days, while waiting money from home.

Bennie Franklin of Tempe, page of the lower house of the Legislature last session, and probably the best-known and most popular little boy in Arizona, died a day or two ago of typhoid fever. He was the only son of a widowed mother.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, May 29.—[Special Dispatch.] W. J. Barrett is at the Imperial and G. L. Henskamp at the Hotel.

IN HOTEL LOBBIES.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

Coast Defense Works at Ballast Point—A Spectacle.

Charles P. Church of Portland, who at one time was the largest grain shipper out of that port, was at the National on Monday. Mr. Church looks very well and apparently enjoys the best of health. When asked about the condition of business in the Westfoot metropolis, Mr. Church said:

"Business has been dull in Portland for the past two years, but the depression is mainly the result of foreign competition, which has been very unprepared. Your own grain has to be brought by rail to the seaboard, whereas, in the Argentine Republic, they have some deep rivers on which the sea-going vessels can go several hundred miles inland and take on a load of grain for the United Kingdom. This is an advantage of the United Kingdom.

"The jury took so much stock in the fair face of Phoenix, got the Chinese out all right, but thus far has not been much, although several, and of three or four stories in height. A second building is now promised, of brick and plate-glass, with a twenty-foot frontage.

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Our store

will be closed today to
mark down stock,

TO THE PUBLIC.

We have decided to close out our entire Boys' and Children's Clothing Department. We haven't sold nearly as many goods in this department as we ought to. Think of it, a

• Make no mis-
take; come to
the right store.

\$20,000 STOCK

consisting of the best New York makers, such as Stein-Bloch, Peck & Hauchhaus and several other leading manufacturers. We have come to the conclusion that we are a little out of the way for this class of trade, and Commencing Friday Morning at 9 o'clock we place this COMPLETE CHOICE STOCK OF HIGHLY-TAILORED

Boys' and Children's Clothing at your mercy at the actual New York cost.

READ SLOWLY, THINK CAREFULLY

at what we are offering you. A chance of a lifetime to buy up-to-date clothing at actual New York cost. A tremendous loss to us, a mighty big gain and saving to you. Bring your big boys as well as little ones, all can be fitted out of our Enormous stock. Remember we carry no shoddy or plunder. But Honest Clothing will go at shoddy prices during this

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE.

Your money
back if you
want it.

BROWN BROS.,
The birthplace of Great and Honest Bargains
249 and 251 South Spring Street.

No discount to
merchants wishing to take
advantage of these prices
during this sale.

BANKERS' OPINIONS.

THE DESIRABILITY OF CONSOLIDATING BANK INTERESTS.

The General Belief is that it Would Be Beneficial, While Some Say No Substantial Benefit Would Follow Consolidation.

The Times printed an interview yesterday with H. J. Fleishman, cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, relative to the rumor that some of the commercial banks of this city were contemplating consolidation. Since then the opinion of the officials of all the commercial banks on this subject have been procured and are here given:

H. J. Woolacott, president of the State Loan and Trust Company: "Certainly I saw what The Times printed respecting the rumor that some banks were contemplating consolidation, and my opinion is that it would be a good idea, and good for the people doing business with them. One immediate result of consolidation would be to enhance the value of the stock of the banks consolidating, for even if their united volume of business did not increase it could be conducted more profitably, and the cost of conducting it at less expense. If eastern banks with deposits ranging up to the tens of millions found it wise to consolidate their interests, there would seem to be some ground for believing that it would be a good thing to do here."

Frank Gibson, cashier of the First National Bank, said: "Consolidation between some of the commercial banks of this city would in every sense be beneficial to the banks, while it would not in any sense be detrimental to business interests or to the community at large. There are too many banks in this city to do the business, and some of them could consolidate with material advantage. Consolidation would strengthen them as banking corporations and would enable them to handle their business at a decreased expense. In fact, the entire banking interests of the city would be benefited by a consolidation of bank capital and the business interests of the city better served."

John Buehrke, president of the Los Angeles National Bank: "While I do not know that any of the banks in this city are moving in the direction of consolidation, I still think that if some of them did consolidate, the results to them would be beneficial. Consolidation would strengthen them financially and enable them to do the same volume of business they are doing now at much less expense to themselves. No, it would not tend to cut down accommodation to those requiring loans; rather would it have the contrary effect, as under consolidation their facilities would be enlarged."

A. J. Waters, cashier of the Citizens' Bank, said: "Yes I know there has been some talk about bank consolidations and the advantages to be derived from it, but I do not know which of our banks are contemplating such a move; nor am I by any means sure that any consolidation of banking interests here is necessary. I am, however, of the opinion that some of our banks are too small to be capitalized to do as profitable a business as they might if business improves. The Los Angeles banks may be able to find profitable employment for the larger portion, if not all, of the available cash now lying about."

J. M. C. Marble, president of the National Bank of California, said: "Business can be done in large volume with more economy than in small volume, it matters not whether it is in transportation, merchandise or bank

BY THE SOUNDING SEA.

HOW THE BEACHES LOOK IN WARM SUMMER DAYS.

The Aspect of Matters in and About Santa Monica as the Influx of Summer Visitors Comes from the Interior of the State.

The foggy nights and mornings which prevailed through the last two weeks of April and the whole of May have been bad for the watering places, though they have been a good thing for the farmers who live between Los Angeles and the sea. But for them there would have been but little hay cut and no grain harvested at all, for the lack of late April rains was severely felt in many localities. As a Times reporter rode down on an electric car yesterday he found himself alongside a farmer who told him that hay would probably be high in price, and that it would be a good idea to buy it now. The same was true of the hay in the interior of the state, where the hay crop is not as good as in the interior of the state.

W. L. Graves, president of the California National Bank, said: "I know nothing of any proposed consolidation of banks here. There was some talk of this kind three years ago, but that is all it would do. However, fewer banks would not necessarily mean the creation of new opportunities for investment. No; beyond some slight saving in current expenses, I do not see what else would be gained by consolidation between any of the banks in this city."

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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,

Los Angeles, June 2, 1897.
A GLUT OF MONEY. It becomes more and more evident that the financial depression of which complaint is made more or less throughout the world, is not due to lack of capital, but rather to the accumulation of vast amounts of capital in the hands of wealthy syndicates, which do not care to lend to small borrowers. As the rate of interest earned by many has been rapidly declining of late, it is believed that before long much of this money will be forced into circulation.

Recent statistics show how much the glut of money has declined during the past few years. At one time the French national securities yielded an income of 5 per cent., whereas now they yield only 2½, and bonds of other nations have fallen in proportion, including such bonds as those of Turkey, which not long ago had to pay 10 per cent. interest, but can now get all she needs at 5 per cent.

It is the same with the securities of railroads and other big companies that borrow large sums of money. Most of the big companies have been refunding their debts of late, at low rates of interest, and it is believed that during the past half century there has been a decline of interest on real estate securities of not less than 42 per cent., and on industrial securities of 30 per cent. Referring to the lesson which may be drawn from this condition of affairs, the San Francisco Call says:

"It is probable that this rapid decrease of interest on money loaned in large sums will eventually work a remedy for the evil complained of by small borrowers. Some, or later, the small capitalists will be forced to abandon the market for national bonds and other well-established securities to their richer neighbors, and turn their attention once more to lending money in smaller sums as in former times. Men who cannot obtain sufficient capital to start a business when invested in bonds yielding 3 per cent., or less, will be inclined to pay more attention to borrowers who wish smaller sums, but will pay better interest."

"It is certainly full time that some change should come in the financial situation. There is no doubt that the great banking centers and neither pays good interest to its owners nor affords industry a means to continue its work. This is one phase of the problem. There is another in the fact that at the rate of interest has been falling of recent years, indicating a desire to underwrite new enterprises that are at all hazardous. This phase also may be affected by a decline in the rates of interest demanded of small borrowers. In any event the world is not likely to lose much by a continuance of what is called 'the decreasing productiveness of wealth.'

COMMERCIAL.

TRADE WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES. A few days ago a correspondent of The Times made some sensible remarks in regard to the lack of intelligence or carelessness shown by Americans in opening up trade with Spanish-American countries. He showed what others, who are acquainted with the subject, have done and that Americans have foolishly studied the habits and customs of countries with which they seek to do business, the American, as a rule, expects the foreigner to do business as it is done in this country, and it is this that dooms the enterprise. It is made that the people are prejudiced against American trade, whereas the real explanation would be that Americans are ignorant of foreign tastes and wishes.

A similar idea was brought out some time ago in the American Consulate at Mars-la-Tour, France, who wrote to the department as follows, in regard to the possibility of opening up a trade in linseed oil:

"As to the first inquiry of the date when the best method to be followed in introducing American oil—
it is respectfully suggested that in France other things must be taken into consideration than the fundamental principle, successful everywhere, of furnishing a better grade of goods and at a cheaper price than the home market affords. The principal branch of the trade they are ready to pay more for it than for a better grade of the same article manufactured abroad. The dealer is aware of this inclination, and it is exceedingly difficult to introduce a foreign goods and materials trade for any length of time in competition with a similar article of home manufacture or production. Even when one has succeeded in building up a trade, it often comes to a stand and abrupt end by the arrival of the goods of an alleged discoverer of adulterations or impurities. The representative of the largest packing establishment at Chicago recently offered, through the proper authorities, for use in the army, admittedly the best canned beef in the world, at 12½ cents per pound. The offer was declined and an order given in obedience to a recent law for French canned beef, admittedly, if not the worst in the world, at least not equal to 12½ cents per pound.

This incident is typical of the difficulties which our merchants and manufacturers must expect to encounter in introducing their goods in this market, whether the product is linseed oil or any other species of merchandise."

Leaving these considerations aside, as has been repeatedly pointed out in dispatches from this consulate, it is more than useless to write to a French merchant in English, quoting him certain grades of a particular sort of merchandise, and asking him to name a gallon, or yard, and then add some trade abbreviation, such as 'f.o.b.', which he does not understand, and which he certainly will never go outside of his own country and his own language to follow. In this country, the American manufacturer will, at every turn, in every branch of trade, the representative of an English house, speaking French and quoting goods by the kilogram, or the metric quintal, or the liter, or the meter, as the case may be, and in francs, if desired, rather than in pounds and pence."

IMMENSE APPLE EXPORTS. The exports of apples from the United States for the season now drawing to a close have been by far the largest on record. Approximately 1,000 barrels of apples have been shipped abroad from the United States and Canada during the season of 1896-97, or fourfold the trade of the previous year, and fully double any season's exports in the history of apple shipping.

A BOSTON COMPLIMENT. The peerless navel orange of Southern California is beginning to receive compliments from all over the world, as its good qualities are known and recognized. Recently The Times quoted from a London paper some pleasant remarks on this subject. The Boston Herald recently had the following to say in regard to California naval oranges:

"Never have finer oranges reached the Northeast than these. Florida, that had a terrible setback three years ago, will hardly be able to catch up to such rich specimens. The Golden State, too, no doubt when the fruit is ripe, is again in perfection. We shall let it fall into our mouths without any protest, or any comparison between it and other cultivations. Today the tender-

skinned, seedless beauty from the Pacific slope has won the blue ribbon of approval."

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

LOS ANGELES, June 2, 1897.
The market for dairy products remains strong. Eastern eggs have made their appearance, and are selling at about the same figure as much produce in market as well supplied with vegetables and berries.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

LOS ANGELES, June 2, 1897.
Flour—Locally milled, per barrel, per sh. 48¢; northern 55¢; eastern, 55¢, superfine, 45¢; graham, 25¢.
Feedstuffs—Barley, per ton, 17¢; oats, 19¢; wheat, 15¢; corn, 10¢; oilseed, per bushel, 74¢; rolled wheat, per ton, 30¢; cracked corn, per cwt., 1.10; cornmeal, 1.60; feed meat, 1.00; oilcake, 1.65¢ to 1.70.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 3.75¢ to 4.00.
Beef Cattle—2.50¢ to 3.00.
Lamb—Per head 1.25¢ to 1.50.
Sheep—Per cwt., 2.25¢ to 2.50.

Grain and Hay.

GRAN—Wheat, per cwt., 1.50¢ to 1.60; barley, 75¢, eastern, 1.00; oats, 1.00; rye, 1.00.
HAY—Alfalfa, per ton, 6.00 to 7.00; barley, 5.50.
Straw—Per cwt., 8.00 to 9.00.
Straw—Per cwt., 3.00 to 4.00.

Honey and Beeswax.

Honey—Comb, \$0.125; strained, 25¢.

Beeswax—Per lb., 26¢ to 28¢.

Vegetables.

Beans—Lady Washington, 1.50¢ to 1.60; navy, 1.75¢ to 1.80; pink, 1.60 to 1.70; Lima, 2.25¢ to 2.50; black-eyed, 2.00¢ to 2.25¢.

Potatoes and Onions.

Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., 1.00.
Onions—Per 100 lbs., 1.00.

Sweet Potatoes.

Per 100 lbs., old, 90¢ to 1.20; new, 85¢ to 1.00.

Green Fruits.

Lemons—Extra fancy Europa and Lisbon, 1.00 to 1.20; uncurled, fancy, 1.25.

Oranges—Seedlings, 1.00 to 1.25; navels, 1.25 to 1.50.

Apricots.

Per cwt., 1.00.

Currants.

Per cwt., 50¢ to 75¢.

Pears—Winter Nellie, 1.75.

Apricots—Per cwt., 1.00 to 1.25.

Bananas.

Per box, 50¢ to 75¢.

Strawberries.

Per box, 1.00 to 1.25.

Lemons.

Per box, 1.00 to 1.25.

Blackberries.

Per box, 1.00 to 1.25.

Gooseberries.

Per box, 1.00 to 1.25.

Poultry and Eggs.

Eggs—Per doz., 12¢ to 13¢.

Ducks.

Per cwt., 4.00 to 5.00; old, roosters, 4.00 to 4.50; broilers, 1.40 to 1.50; dressed, 1.10 to 1.25.

Vegetables.

Artichokes—Per doz., 25¢ to 35¢.

Beans—String, per lb., 14¢.

Beets—Per 100 lbs., 60¢ to 70¢.

Cabbage—Per cwt., 10¢ to 12¢.

Carrots—Per doz., 10¢ to 12¢.

Cauliflower—Per doz., 60¢.

Chile Peppers—Dry, per string, 50¢ to 70¢.

Cucumbers—Per doz., 40¢ to 50¢.

Garlic—New, per doz., 30¢ to 35¢.

Lettuce—Per doz., 25¢ to 35¢.

Parsnips—Per 100 lbs., 1.00.

Pears—Green, 36¢.

Radishes—Per doz., 15¢.

Turnips—Per 100 lbs., 90¢.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Prime, per lb., 12¢ to 13¢.

Beef—Fancy, 12¢ to 13¢.

Beef—Common, 11¢ to 12¢.

Beef—Butcher, 10¢ to 11¢.

Beef—Hides and Wool.

Hides—As they are, 11¢; kip, 9¢; calf, 11¢; hide, 8¢.

Wool—Fall, 36¢ to 40¢; spring, 40¢.

PROVISIONS.

Hams—Per lb., Rex, 11¢; boneless, 9¢; picnic, 8¢.

Bacon—Per lb., Rex, breakfast, 10¢; high medium, 11¢; medium, 10¢.

Diced Bacon—Per lb., sets, 10¢; inside, 12¢.

Dried Salt Pork—Per lb., clear, 12¢.

Preserved Meats—Per lb., family pack, 18.50¢ to 19.50¢.

Lard—Per lb., pure leaf, 5¢; Ivory lard compound, 5¢; Resolene, 5¢.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

NEW YORK, June 2, 1897—The Evening Post's NEW YORK financial calendar today shows the following as the market for the day:

Wheat—Per barrel, 1.00 to 1.05.

Barley—Per barrel, 1.00 to 1.05.

Oats—Per barrel, 1.00 to 1.05.

Rye—Per barrel, 1.00 to 1.05.

Flour—Per barrel, 1.00 to 1.05.

Meal—Per barrel



SOUTHERN PACIFIC MAY ACQUIRE THE MOUNT LOWE ROAD.

Negotiations to this end said to be in progress—final payment made upon the purchase of the electric light stock—Y.M.C.A. in financial straits.

PASADENA, June 2.—[Regular Correspondence.] It is whispered that some highly important developments may take place in the affairs of the Mount Lowe Railway. Negotiations are said to be pending for the sale of the road and the hotels to the Southern Pacific. Should the sale be consummated it will be of the highest importance not only because it would finally settle the financial embarrassments which have harassed the enterprise, but because the road would then be backed by resources sufficient to ensure its successful and probably profitable operation.

As yet the negotiations have not taken definite shape and it is impossible to say how they will result. The further plans of the Southern Pacific in case it should make the purchase, are largely a matter of conjecture. It would, however, be that the company would appear as a trustee for an electric line connecting its present station in Pasadena with Rubio Cañon, so as to control the travel from Los Angeles. The terms proposed for the sale contemplate some provision for the payment of the subsequent creditors, though of course they would receive anything like the face of their demands. Something less than par would be paid for the bonds.

The foreclosure suit has not been pressed as an effort was being made to obtain the unsecured creditors to the plan of compromise agreed upon by their committee and that of the bondholders. It is now being pushed to a conclusion. It is the fate of many of the bondholders that if a settlement is inevitable, it should begin at once.

COMPLETED THE PURCHASE.

The final payment upon the purchase of the Pasadena Electric Light and Power Company was made today by Henry Fisher of Redlands. By the terms of the purchase, the total price of the stock was \$88,567.50, which was paid in cash, and the balance from the date of the contract of sale. The sum of \$55,000 was paid within a few weeks after the contract was executed, and the payment made today by Mr. Fisher to P. M. Green completed the purchase. The purchaser paid cash for the property so that the transaction brings into Pasadena nearly \$90,000 of new capital.

Y.M.C.A. NEEDS HELP.

The directors of the Pasadena Y.M.C.A. have resigned in a body. The association has for some time past been greatly in need of financial assistance. At a recent meeting receipts and expenses were presented, showing ten liabilities at that date of \$766.80. An effort to raise this amount by subscriptions yielded only \$298.50. The directors announce that they will then attempt to pay the deficit if it can be raised by friends of the association, but they are not willing to assume responsibility for further obligations. Regarding the failure of the public to support the association as a criticism upon the association's management, the directors peremptorily resigned. A meeting will be held tomorrow (Thursday) afternoon at 4:30 o'clock to elect new directors.

PASADENA BREVIETIES.

Pasadena Lodge, No. 132, K. of P., elected officers last evening for the ensuing year, as follows: H. R. Sutliff, C. C. E. Twombly, V.C.; Charles Hamilton, Past; George Hart, M. W. Jakes, W. Allis, K. of H., S. Frank, W. Healy, M. of F.; Charles E. Putnam, M. of E.; George A. Sanderson, M. of A.; Arthur P. Tucker, I.G.; E. Gougar, O.G.; Charles H. Stratton, Trustee; Dr. C. A. Dalrymple, Medical Trustee; Dr. G. A. Briggs, Alternate Medical Examiner.

Mrs. Grace E. Dutton, who has lived in Pasadena for the past three years, has been appointed instructor in cooking and sewing at Throop. Mrs. Dutton is a graduate of the Pennsylvania State Normal School and of Mrs. L. L. Rovner's Philadelphia School of Domestic Economy.

Henry B. Plant and party arrived in Pasadena yesterday in Mr. Plant's private car. He is at the head of the Plant system of railroads in Florida, and built the great hotel at Tampa.

At the meeting of the W.C.T.U. at the Methodist Church tomorrow (Thursday) the State delegates will be elected to the State convention to be held at Ventura June 8, 9, 10.

James A. Crawford died last evening at his home on Summit avenue at the age of 60. The funeral will be held at the residence tomorrow (Thursday) morning at 10:30 o'clock.

The Universals Sunday-school picnic will be held next Saturday in the oak grove at the south end of Millard's Cañon, as originally intended.

Mrs. C. H. Wells of Chicago arrived today in Pasadena and is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Henderson, of South Marengo avenue.

Revival services will be held by Rev. Dr. Mullatt at the Presbyterian Church, beginning tomorrow (Thursday) evening.

G. P. Post and George H. Frost expect to leave tomorrow morning on their wheels for the Yosemite.

The Pasadena Deciduous Fruit Growers' Association met last evening at the office of Wood & Church.

Hon. George H. Barker returned today from San Francisco.

POMONA.

The Fruit Exchange Growing—Rev. Pierces on the Grand Canyon.

POMONA, June 2.—[Regular Correspondence.] The canvas for some time to the newly-organized local branch of the Fruit Growers' Exchange is meeting with satisfactory results, and it is evident that Pomona orange growers will adhere to the exchange in the coming year, as fully as in the past. Another meeting will be held Saturday to consider by-laws and transact other business preliminary to the next season's work.

Rev. U. C. Pierces of the Unitarian Church will give his new lecture on the Grand Cañon of the Colorado and other wonders of Arizona at his church Thursday evening. He has recently returned from his second extensive exploration of the wonders of which Flagstaff is the center.

LONG BEACH.

Activity of Improvement Society. Private Use of a Public Wharf.

LONG BEACH, June 2.—[Regular Correspondence.] H. Barnoldar, to whom was assigned the task of raising funds on the West Side for shrinking purposes, has been by the Improvement Society that he has secured \$275. W. S. Bailey has raised \$200 on the East Side, and has not finished his canvass. Dr. Austin was appointed sanitary inspector of the sandy beach.

Much feeling is expressed in regard to Mr. White building a platform under the pier. He has proceeded to do so, but has no authority whatever, and in the face of the protest of some prominent citizens he has persisted in the ranks of those who are in the shores here. Many of the men employed in the shops have their homes in Los Angeles, and have long enjoyed the benefit of reduced fares whenever they desired to go to Los Angeles to visit their families. Last week new orders were promulgated, and seven of the men were refused special rates over the road, and told that thereafter they would have to pay full fare. This lopping off of their perquisites has caused much dissatisfaction, and may result in a general strike of the porters and sailors prevail, or the obnoxious order be repealed. W. B. Beaman and other officials were here in consultation till late Tuesday night over the situation.

The cause of the issuance of such an order was said to be due to the San Bernardino merchants who have a residence in this manner in order to keep trade at home and away from Los Angeles, as they claim the employees secure the cheap rate and go to Los Angeles with all their trading, when if they had to pay full rates they would spend their money here with the home merchants.

CAME IN AFIRE.

As the overland freight from Los Angeles pulled into the San Bernardino yard at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning it was found that a box car in the middle of the train was on fire. An alarm was at once sent down to the city fire department, but before the arrival of the firemen the car had exploded and the fire subdued. It caught in a car of miscellaneous merchandise, and is supposed to have originated among some drugs. Had it gained a little headway before the train arrived, the fire might have been disastrous to the entire train.

BETTER LIGHT PROMISED.

At the meeting of the Board of City Trustees Tuesday evening there was a general kick against the street-lighting service, for the lights are painfully spasmodic, and electric darkness has been the rule more than electric light. The bill for the month of May was \$1,000, but this has been given a slight shade of \$235. This seems too high for so much darkness, and a motion to cut off another 20 per cent. was adopted with but two dissenting votes, the latter claiming the contract had been let for the year.

Prof. Sumner, the first pastor of the Pomona Pilgrim Church, preached a historic sermon at the celebration of the tenth anniversary of that church, May 30.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY

FRANK GLASS ELECTED TO BE SUPERVISOR.

Gov. Budd's Appointee May Refuse to Vacate—A New City Councilman—Bath-house Contract Let. Local Brevities.

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SANTA MONICA.

A New Sewer Survey Ordered—Senate Notes.

SANTA MONICA, June 2.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Board of Trustees of Santa Monica made in special session Tuesday evening and by unanimous resolution instructed the City Engineer to prepare new plans for a sewer system for submission to the board at its next meeting. The instructions to the engineer were to include the entire city in one system.

Mr. Christina Thompson's petition to sell drinks with meals at her hotel, the Hotel Santa Monica, was denied.

The Board of Santa Monica held its annual stockholders' meeting Tuesday afternoon. The old board of directors was reelected, except that Dr. A. C. Rogers of Los Angeles was elected to succeed Dr. D. Brown of San Luis Obispo. At the direction of reelected Robert F. Jones was reelected president and C. L. Bundy, secretary.

The Third Regiment of Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias, will hold its annual encampment in this city, commencing July 16, and continuing ten days. Ground, light and water will be furnished by the citizens. Eight companies of knights have already signed their intention of being here.

The annual attendance of pupils at the public schools in this city, as shown by the report of the supervising principal, was much greater for the month of May than for the corresponding month last year.

The annual meeting of the Knights of Pythias of this city, accompanied the remains of M. J. Hyde, a deceased member, to San Pedro today (Wednesday), where the water system of the Santa Fe shops.

TOUGH YOUNGSTERS.

The hoodlums brought up from Los Angeles for rape on two young girls during their regular meeting Tuesday evening decided to order sixty new volumes. This will increase the number ordered during the last six months to about six hundred volumes.

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SAN BERNARDINO BREVIETIES.

The Foresters of America held an election of officers Tuesday night and the election for School Trustee is to take place. Mrs. Olive Van Peek, the wife of George H. Peck, Jr., cashier of the Foresters, and society woman of this place, is making a strong fight for the election. She is running in opposition to Wallis Bonsall, a popular young woman, who, in turn, promises to make things interesting on Friday.

The fight is said to be strictly between the men and woman suffragists, and while the men will probably produce more voters from their ranks, the women will probably win the end.

The election of the trustees will be held Saturday evening, June 14, at 8 o'clock.

The wife of Dr. C. A. Mackenzie left Wednesday morning for Los Angeles to join a party who are to take a trip to the coast to witness the grand pageant of the Diamond Jubilee.

They have secured passage on the Teutonic of the White Star Line, which sails June 14, expecting to arrive in ample time to witness the ceremonies.

W. A. Boxall of this city is also to be present.

County Sheriff Reavis has closed his accounts for the year with the State. He received from the State for school money and railroad tax the sum of \$23,327.50, and paid to the State its share of the tax levy, the sum if \$23,595.57, showing a balance paid to the State of but \$277.77, being what it costs this county to assist to run the school board.

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